

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

1. Obesity E, Living PC, Families L. JAMA Highlights. 2012;308(24):3-5
2. National Center for Health Statistics. Health, United States, 2011: With special features on socioeconomic statushealth. Hyattsville, MD; U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; 2012
3. Freedman DS, Kettel L, Serdula MK, Dietz WH,. The relation of childhood B MI to adult adiposity: the Bogalusa Heart Study. Pediatrics2005;22–27
4. Badan penelitian dan pengembangan kesehatan depkes RD 2008. Riset Kesehatan Dasar 2013
5. Badan penelitian dan pengembangan kesehatan depkes RD 2008. Riset Kesehatan Dasar (RISKESDAS) 2007. Laporan Nasional 2007.2008 p.1-384
6. Departemen Kemenkes RI 2012. Pedoman pencegahan dan penanggulangan kegemukan dan obesitas pada anak; Badan Penelitian dan Pengembangan Kesehatan Departemen Kesehatan, Republik Indonesia; 2012
7. Dehghan M, Akhtar-Danesh N, Merchant AT. Childhood obesity, prevalence and prevention. Nutr J.2005
8. Badan penelitian dan pengembangan kesehatan depkes RD 2013. Riset Kesehatan Dasar 2013
9. Hill DJ, Prapavessis H, Shoemaker JK, Jackman M, Mahmud FH, Clarson C. Relationship between birth weight and metabolic status obese adolescents. ISRN Obes. 2013
10. World Health Organization. Overweight and Obesity. 2014; [diunduh 29 Januari 2015]
11. Garza, C and de Onis, M. Rationale for developing a new international growth reference. Food and Nutrition Bulletin. 2004: 25
12. Town C, Pediatric M, Group I. Anthropometry guideline pediatric. 2009;(April 2007)

13. Departemen Kemenkes RI 2011. Standar antropometri penilaian status gizi anak, Kementerian Kesehatan Republik Indonesia; 2011
14. Article O. Adiposity in children born small for gestational age. 2014 (2006) 1-9
15. Kleigmen RM, Marrcdante KJ, Jensen HB, Behrman RE. Nelson Essentials of Pediatrics 5<sup>th</sup> Edition. Elsevier Saunders 2006
16. Eriksson JG, Forsén T, Tuomilehto J, Osmond C, Barker DJP. Early growth and coronary heart disease in later life: *BMJ* 2001; 322: 949–953.
17. New definition of small for forgestational age based on fetal growth PubMed Commons. 2014;12-13
18. Oelberg DG. Prenatal growth; the sum of maternal, placental, and fetal contributions. *Pediatric in Review* 2006; 27: 224-229
19. Gurevich T, Panigrahi S, Wiechec E, Los M. Obesity: Pathophysiology and Clinical Management. 2009 Feb 1; 16(4) 506-508
20. Wright JD, Kennedy-Stephenson j; Trends in intakes of children and adolescents; *Am J Clin Nutr* 2000, 72:134-135
21. Shigeta H, Shigeta M, Atsuko N, Nakamura N & Yoshikawa T. Lifestyle, obesity, and insulin resistance. *Am Diabetes Assoc* 2001; 608–611
22. Park J. 2006. Increase in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase in adipocytes stimulates oxidative stress and inflammatory Sig- nals. *Diabetes*, (55),2939-2949
23. Daniels SR, Arnett DK, Eckel RH, et al. Overweight in children and adolescents: pathophysiology, consequences, prevention, and treatment. *Circulation* 2005. 111;1999–2002
24. Soto N, Bazaes RA, Pena. Insulin sensitivity and secretion are related to catch-up growth in small for gestational age infants at age 1 year. *Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism* 2003. 1240-1243

25. Barlow SE. Expert committee recommendations regarding the prevention, assesment; and treatment of child and adolescent overweight and obesit. *Pediatrics* 2007. 164-192
26. Hofman PL, Regan F, Jackson WE, Jefferies C, Knight DB, Robinson EM, Cutfield WS. later insulin resistance. *N Engl J Med* 2004; 351: 2888.
27. Dianah. Asupan energi sebagai faktor utama terjadinya kegemukan pada balita (6-23 bulan). Jakarta 2011. Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Indonesia.
28. Prakash (2009). Preventing childhood obesity. *N Europe* 2009; 31-33
29. Kusmaningrum . Hubungan antara asupan energi, protein dan faktor lain dengan status gizi balita (12-59 bulan). Jakarta 2011. Fakultas Kesehatan Masyarakat Universitas Indonesia.
30. Erna Ningsih. Hubungan berat lahir dengan faktor lainnya dengan kejadian kegemukan pada balita (6-59 bulan). Jakarta 2011.Fakultas Kesehatan Masyarakat Universitas Indonesia
31. Riyanti, A. Riwayat Pemberian asi dan faktor-faktor lain yang berhubungan dengan status gizi anak pra sekolah . Jakarta Selatan 2002. Fakultas Kesehatan Masyarakat Universitas Indonesia.